

Big Idea(s)/ Unifying Q(s):	
DCI-NGSS	•
SEP-NGSS	
CCC-NGSS	

16.1	16.1	16.2	16.2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kinetic energy</li> <li>• Temperature</li> <li>• Celsius-Kelvin conversions</li> <li>• Calorimeter</li> <li>• Specific Heat</li> <li>• Reaction Kinetics</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>q=mc\Delta t</math></li> <li>• Enthalpy</li> <li>• Entropy</li> <li>• Gibbs Free Energy</li> <li>• Endothermic reactions</li> <li>• Exothermic reactions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Combustion reactions</li> <li>• Enthalpy of formation</li> <li>• Enthalpy of reaction</li> <li>• Forward Reactions</li> <li>• Reverse Reactions</li> <li>• Hess's Law</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spontaneous reactions</li> <li>• Non-spontaneous reactions</li> <li>• Driving force</li> </ul>

DCI, EOB and	Student Learning Targets (coded to DCI, EO or OPRF Objectives)
1.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• I can define kinetic energy as well as potential chemical energy</li> <li>• I can define temperature in terms of kinetic energy</li> <li>• I can describe how a calorimeter works and how it is used to measure changes in energy that take place during a chemical reaction</li> <li>• I have memorized the <math>q=mc\Delta t</math> equation and can use it to solve for any of the variables</li> <li>• I have memorized the equation for Gibbs free energy and can use it to solve for any of the variables</li> <li>• I can use Hess's Law to calculate the heat of a chemical reaction by adding heats of formation, or by adding chemical reactions</li> <li>• I can calculate the total entropy of a chemical reaction by adding and subtracting entropies of products and reactants</li> <li>• I know how to use the concept of "products-reactants" with enthalpy as well as entropy</li> <li>• I can convert temperature between degrees C and Kelvins</li> <li>• I can use Gibbs free energy calculations to predict if reactions will be spontaneous or non-spontaneous</li> <li>• I can look at a chemical equation and determine qualitatively if entropy is increasing or decreasing</li> <li>• I can list factors that increase and decrease entropy</li> <li>• I can convert kilojoules to joules</li> <li>• I can use coefficients in a balanced chemical equation to calculate the total enthalpy of a chemical reaction (Given a table of thermochemical values)</li> <li>• I can predict if forward or reverse reactions will be favored based on enthalpy and entropy and Gibbs free energy</li> <li>• I can calculate the enthalpy of formation using Hess's Law and enthalpies of formation and combustion tables</li> </ul>

Classroom Instructional Activity Bank	Resource Bank
<p>Labs/Lab Activities/Videos/Demonstrations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Demo day: Potassium Permanganate, making water, breaking water</li><li>• Cheetos-burning food/calorimetry</li><li>• Lab 9E: Hess's Law Lab</li></ul>	<p>Worksheets/Reading Guides/Formative Assessments/On-line Homework</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Boezman AP Chemistry:</li><li>• Boezman AP Chemistry:</li><li>• Boezman AP Chemistry:</li><li>• <a href="#">Watch methanol safety video</a></li><li>• Bozeman AP Chem #59: Gibbs Free energy (7:00)</li><li>• Bozeman AP Chem #57: Entropy (7:00)</li><li>• Bozeman AP Chem #58: Spontaneous processes (8:00)</li><li>• 2. Bozeman AP Chem #60: Driving non-spontaneous processes (5:00)-Take notes in black notebook</li><li>• Khan Academy: <a href="#">Gibbs free energy sample problem</a></li><li>• Science Geek: <a href="#">AP Chem Hess's Law</a></li></ul>
<p>Investigations/Engineering Projects:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Biodiesel-Reducing your carbon footprint</li><li>• Cheetos-calorimetry</li></ul>	<p>Summative Common Unit Assessment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Chapter 16 test</li></ul>